Appl. No.: 10/698,398 Amdt. Dated 08/19/2004

Reply to Office action of 06/24/2004

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (currently amended) A method for preparing a polysuccinimide, which comprises, subjecting aspartic acid to polymerization in a solvent of supercritical fluid to form a polysuccinimide; wherein said supercritical fluid is selected from the group consisting of CO₂, NH₃, H₂O, N₂O, xenon, krypton, methane, ethane, ethylene, propane, pentane, methanol, ethanol, isopropanol, isobutanol, CClF₃, CFH₃, cyclohexanol, CS₂ and a mixture thereof.
- 2. (withdrawn)
- 3. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said supercritical fluid is maintained at a pressure of from about 500 psi to about 2500 psi.
- 4. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said supercritical fluid is maintained at a pressure of from about 700 psi to about 2000 psi.
- 5. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said supercritical fluid is maintained at a temperature of from about 50 °C to about 300 °C.
- 6. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said supercritical fluid is maintained at a temperature of from about 100 °C to about 250 °C.
- 7. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the weight average molecular weight of the polysuccinimide is in the order of from about 2,000 to about 10,000 Dalton.
- 8. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the weight average molecular weight of the polysuccinimide is in the order of from about 3,000 to about 5,000 Daltons.
- 9. (original) A method for preparing a copolymer containing copolymerized aspartate units and succinimide units which comprises, subjecting a comonomer mixture of aspartic acid and a salt of aspartic acid to polymerization in a solvent of a supercritical fluid.

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- 10. (original) The method of Claim 9, wherein said comonomer mixture was prepared by drying a solution of a salt of aspartic acid having a cation which does not volatilize during the drying and a salt of aspartic acid having a cation which at least partially volatilizes to free aspartic acid during the drying.
- 11. (original) The method of Claim 9, wherein said supercritical fluid is selected from the group consisting of CO₂, NH₃, H₂O, N₂O, xenon, krypton, methane, ethane, ethylene, propane, pentane, methanol, ethanol, isopropanol, isobutanol, CCIF₃, CFH₃, cyclohexanol, and CS₂ and a mixture thereof.
- 12. (original) The method of Claim 9, wherein said supercritical fluid is maintained at a pressure of from about 500 psi to about 2500 psi.
- 13. (original) The method of Claim 9, wherein said supercritical fluid is maintained at a pressure of from about 700 psi to about 2000 psi.
- 14. (original) The method of Claim 9, wherein said supercritical fluid is maintained at a temperature of from about 50 °C to about 250 °C.
- 15. (original) The method of Claim 9, wherein said supercritical fluid is maintained at a temperature of from about 100 °C to about 250 °C.
- 16. (original) The method of Claim 9, wherein the weight average molecular weight of said copolymer is in the order of about 2,000 to about 10,000 Dalton.
- 17. (original) The method of Claim 9, wherein the weight average molecular weight of said copolymer is in the order of from about 3,000 to about 5,000 Daltons.

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SUPPORT FOR THE AMENDMENT

Amended Claim 1 was drafted by incorporating the limitations of original Claim 2 into original Claim 1. Accordingly, Amended Claim 1 finds support in Claims 1 and 2, as originally filed. No new matter was added to the present application by virtue of the present amendment.